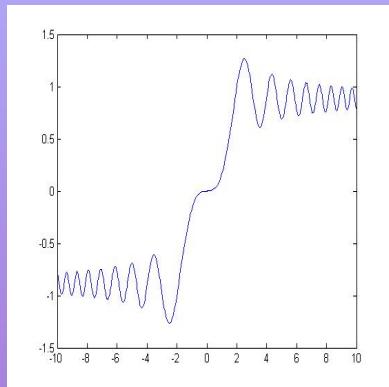


# The Clothoid

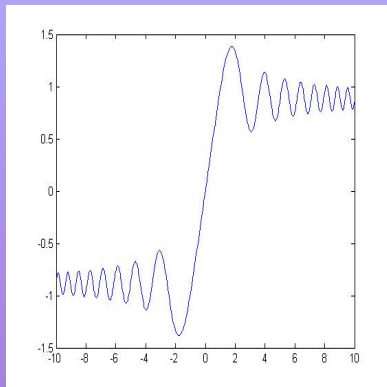
Ryan Seng and Molly Severdia

December 10, 2007

# The Fresnel Functions

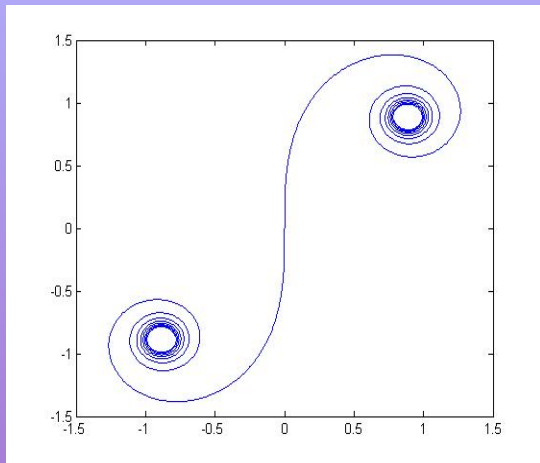


$$f(t) = \int_0^t \sin\left(\frac{u^2}{2}\right) du$$



$$g(t) = \int_0^t \cos\left(\frac{u^2}{2}\right) du$$

# The Clothoid



$$\vec{r}(t) = \left\langle \int_0^t \sin\left(\frac{u^2}{2}\right) du, \int_0^t \cos\left(\frac{u^2}{2}\right) du \right\rangle$$

# Cesaro Equation

$$\kappa(s) = s$$

## Dave's Kwik-E D.E.

Given  $\kappa(s)$ , show that a plane curve with curvature  $\kappa$  can be described by:

$$\vec{r}(s) = \left\langle \int_0^s \sin\theta(u) \, du, \int_0^s \cos\theta(u) \, du \right\rangle$$

where  $\theta(u) = \int_0^u \kappa(t) \, dt$ .

## Proof

$$\vec{r}(s) = \left\langle \int_0^s \sin \theta(u) du, \int_0^s \cos \theta(u) du \right\rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{\mathbf{T}}(s) &= \frac{d\vec{r}}{ds} \\ &= \langle \sin \theta(s), \cos \theta(s) \rangle\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\left\| \frac{d\hat{\mathbf{T}}}{ds} \right\| &= \left\| \left\langle \cos \theta(s) \frac{d\theta}{ds}, -\sin \theta(s) \frac{d\theta}{ds} \right\rangle \right\| \\ &= \left| \frac{d\theta}{ds} \right| \|\langle \cos \theta(s), -\sin \theta(s) \rangle\| \\ &= \left| \frac{d\theta}{ds} \right| \\ &= \kappa(s)\end{aligned}$$

# The Clothoid Revisited

$$\kappa(s) = s$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta'(s) = s$$

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$$\int_0^t \theta'(s) ds = \int_0^t s ds$$

$$\theta(t) = \frac{t^2}{2}$$

## The Clothoid Revisited

$$\kappa(s) = s$$

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$$\theta(t) = \frac{t^2}{2}$$

$$\vec{r}(s) = \left\langle \int_0^s \sin \theta(u) du, \int_0^s \cos \theta(u) du \right\rangle$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{r}(s) = \left\langle \int_0^s \sin \left( \frac{t^2}{2} \right) dt, \int_0^s \cos \left( \frac{t^2}{2} \right) dt \right\rangle$$

## Circle with Radius 1

$$\begin{aligned}\kappa(s) &= 1 \\ \Rightarrow \theta'(s) &= 1\end{aligned}$$

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$$\vec{r}(s) = \langle -\cos s, \sin s \rangle$$

## Circle with Radius 1

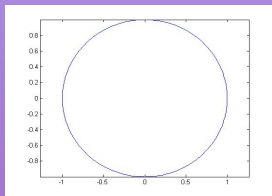
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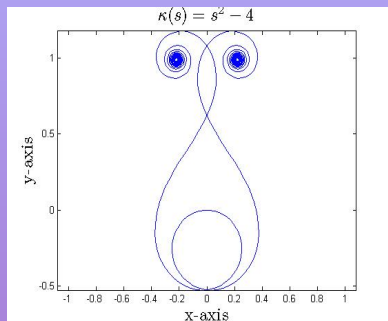
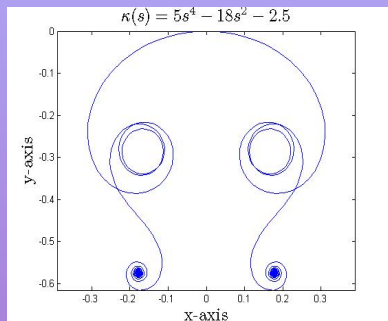
$$\theta(t) = t$$

$$\vec{r}(s) = \left\langle \int_0^s \sin t \, dt, \int_0^s \cos t \, dt \right\rangle$$

$$\vec{r}(s) = \langle -\cos s, \sin s \rangle$$



# Alternate Spirals



# Bunny

